

## ANARCHISTS' CASES GO OVER.

## HARRIS CORPUS HEARING IN CHICAGO POSTPONED.

Public Anger Feared—Criminal for the Police—Matters of the Court—No Fear of a Mob Attacking the Jail—Emma Goldman Indifferent as to McKinley's Death—Harris for Wife.

CHICAGO, Sept. 14.—Fear that mob law would rule in Chicago and wreak vengeance on the anarchists charged with complicity in a conspiracy to kill the late President played an important part in the habeas corpus hearing before Judge Charles F. Gering today. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

Judge Gering entered the order of continuance at the request of Attorney John F. Gering for the defense. The motion of the defendants' attorneys was heard by City Prosecutor Taylor and Assistant Attorney General. The prisoners were worried and nervous. Their friends were tearful and anxious. Judge Gering entered the order to continue the case until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. The hearing was continued until Tuesday at 10 o'clock. Sixty armed deputy sheriffs guarded the prisoners in the court room. A score of balliffs kept the crowd quiet and guarded the hallways.

## SHADOWS ON THE WHITE HOUSE.

## Superstition Persists—Those That Appeared on Portico Last Winter.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The death of President McKinley recalls to superstitious persons the appearance of the shadows on the large pillars of the White House portico early last winter. These shadows had been noticed for three or four years, but it was not until last December that they attracted general attention. Then it required a stretch of the imagination to recognize a human form and hand, with bent finger up in the attitude of warning, outlined near the top of one of the columns. This appeared shortly after noon each day for nearly a week, lasting about an hour.

After that, when the position of the sun changed somewhat, the shadow disappeared from the pillar, only to reappear in a more descriptive form later in the day on the column at the northwest corner of the portico. It then gradually assumed more definite form, and finally represented the face and shoulders of President McKinley, in profile, the resemblance being most striking. The silhouette appeared four or five times in succession, but lasted only a few minutes after it had disappeared. It gradually and almost imperceptibly changed into an easily recognized outline of the features of the late Queen Victoria.

## NEGROES MOURN MCKINLEY.

## Leaders Say He Was Their Greatest Friend Since Lincoln.

None mourn more sincerely the death of President McKinley than the negro citizens of the country. Churchmen and laymen in New York united yesterday in paying tribute to his memory and in expressions of sorrow at his assassination.

Under President McKinley's first Administration the negro race in the country received the highest and noblest treatment in its history. The bishops of the Church and the laymen recognized as leaders were always received cordially by Mr. McKinley and he often expressed to them his deep concern for the welfare of the race. The Rev. Dr. H. P. Parks, Secretary of the Home and Foreign Mission Department of the A. M. E. Church, said yesterday:

"There were no citizens who held the President in higher esteem than the Afro-Americans. He was the most able statesman of the country, his character and his life were a lesson to all. He was a man who had so many complicated affairs to deal with, yet he was in the discharge of all his duties he exercised great wisdom and much patriotism and Christian fortitude. He was a thorough American and his death is a great loss to his country and to his race. He was deeply concerned about the negro and wanted him to attain to his full status as a man and a citizen under the American flag. The negroes mourn the loss of their greatest friend since Lincoln."

Other colored ministers expressed similar sentiments.

## FUNERAL HERE ASKED FOR.

## Mayor Wires to Secretary That New York Citizens Desire It.

Mayor Van Wyck yesterday morning sent this telegram to Secretary of State John Hay:

The Hon. John Hay, Secretary of State of the United States, Buffalo, N. Y.

The citizens of Buffalo, New York, desire an opportunity of doing honor to their dead President, request that the date of the funeral be fixed at a public funeral in this city.

ROBERT A. WICK, Mayor.

It was decided in Buffalo, however, to have the funeral in the national capital. Had the wishes of the citizens of New York been complied with the body of the President would have been brought here over the New York Central Railroad and taken in state to the City Hall, where Gen. Grant's body lay in state after it had been brought from Mount McGregor. Gen. Grant's body lay between the two large pillars directly opposite the main door of the hall. On the day of the funeral, however, and many thousands of persons passed through the hall to show their respect for the dead President. A number of persons in the community were sent to Buffalo to members of the Cabinet during a funeral here.

TRIBUTE TO THE DEAD PRESIDENT BY THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA COMMISSIONERS.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 14.—The following was issued this afternoon by the District Commissioners:

"The Commissioners of the District of Columbia have the melancholy duty to announce to the citizens of the District that the death of William McKinley, President of the United States, occurred at 10 o'clock this morning, in Buffalo, N. Y."

"A typical American as soldier and statesman and in the private relations of life, he won illustrious fame as the chief servant of his country. But his personal character was greater than his deeds, and endeared him to all the people of the United States. Those who knew him well in his private life, and who knew him well in his public life, will find in his death a personal loss and a national loss. The District of Columbia never had a better friend, his loss cannot be repaired, its grief cannot be expressed."

"As a mark of respect the Commissioners direct that the public offices of the District of Columbia be closed this day and on the day of the funeral, and that the flags on all the public buildings be displayed at half mast until further orders."

HENRY R. F. McFARLAND, President.

NEW HIGH DRAPEDIN MOURNING.

Gov. Odell sends a Message of Condolence to Mrs. McKinley.

NEWBURGH, Sept. 14.—Every church bell in the city tolled at 2:30 this morning the death of President McKinley. The death and early night came on the town was draped with emblems of mourning. Gov. Odell sent a message of condolence to Mrs. McKinley, in which he said:

"The sympathy of the people of the State of New York, with that of the nation, goes out to you in your great affliction, and they mourn with you the loss of a devoted husband and are grief-stricken over the death of their beloved President."

He then thanked the Empire State Express, which stopped at Poughkeepsie for him and his private secretary, to Buffalo.

Mayor Wilson issued a proclamation in which he declared that all public offices and city schools be closed as far as practicable, all business suspended during the hours of the funeral, and that flags be displayed at half mast on all public buildings and private residences where possible.

## ACTION OF THE GOVERNORS.

## OFFICIAL TESTIMONIALS FROM THE VARIOUS STATES.

Proclamations Issued and Tributes Paid to the Late President—Gov. Stone's Telegram to President Roosevelt—Day of Prayer Today in Pennsylvania.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Sept. 14.—Gov. Stone this morning sent to Mrs. McKinley a message expressive of the State's deep sympathy for her in her hour of trouble and hearty deprecation of the foul deed that had befallen her. At the same time the order was sent out to close all department and to drape all of the State buildings with mourning emblems. This afternoon the Governor issued this proclamation appointing to-morrow, Sept. 15, as a day of prayer:

"God in His infinite wisdom has seen fit to remove from the life of the Nation its noblest and bravest citizen. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

Gov. Stone also sent this telegram to President Roosevelt:

Washington, D. C., Sept. 14, 1901.

Dear Sir:—I am deeply grieved to learn of the death of President McKinley. He was a great man and a great leader. His death is a great loss to our country and to the world. We mourn his passing and we pray for the comfort of his soul and for the welfare of his family. We also pray for the peace and unity of our Nation and for the prosperity of our country. We will observe this day as a day of prayer and mourning."

## TRIBUTES OF FAMOUS MEN.

## ARP, IRELAND, SENATOR HOAR AND OTHERS ON MCKINLEY.

Eloquent Eulogy of the Late President by the Archbishop of St. Paul—Senator Hoar on the Effect on the Country of the Death of the President—The Hon. Charles F. Smith on the Death of the President—The Hon. Charles F. Smith on the Death of the President.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 14.—Archbishop John Ireland, in the following statement, expressed his grief at the death of President McKinley:

"The nation mourns well may she mourn. She has lost her Chief Magistrate, whom she loved so dearly, in whom she so willingly reposed her trust. William McKinley is now dead, his memory will live down the ages as that of one of the most worthy to have been the President of the Republic of the United States. I knew him closely, I esteemed him, I liked him. He was the true man, pure of morals, generous minded, conscientious, religious."

"He was the public citizen, proud of being a son of the people, brave in the battlefield and in his country's peril, zealous of the glory, unselfishly loyal to the honor of his country. He was the typical President of the Republic. Large minded in his vision of the questions bearing upon the country's future, resolute in using the authority for what seemed to him its best good, ready as the leader of a self-governing people to listen to the popular voice and so far as principle and conscience permitted, to obey its behests, even to the sacrifice of his personal views."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

## TRIBUTES OF FAMOUS MEN.

## ARP, IRELAND, SENATOR HOAR AND OTHERS ON MCKINLEY.

Eloquent Eulogy of the Late President by the Archbishop of St. Paul—Senator Hoar on the Effect on the Country of the Death of the President—The Hon. Charles F. Smith on the Death of the President—The Hon. Charles F. Smith on the Death of the President.

St. Paul, Minn., Sept. 14.—Archbishop John Ireland, in the following statement, expressed his grief at the death of President McKinley:

"The nation mourns well may she mourn. She has lost her Chief Magistrate, whom she loved so dearly, in whom she so willingly reposed her trust. William McKinley is now dead, his memory will live down the ages as that of one of the most worthy to have been the President of the Republic of the United States. I knew him closely, I esteemed him, I liked him. He was the true man, pure of morals, generous minded, conscientious, religious."

"He was the public citizen, proud of being a son of the people, brave in the battlefield and in his country's peril, zealous of the glory, unselfishly loyal to the honor of his country. He was the typical President of the Republic. Large minded in his vision of the questions bearing upon the country's future, resolute in using the authority for what seemed to him its best good, ready as the leader of a self-governing people to listen to the popular voice and so far as principle and conscience permitted, to obey its behests, even to the sacrifice of his personal views."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the hand of a vile assassin. His death is a national sorrow, and a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic. His death is a sorrow that will be felt by all who love the country and the Republic."

"Political opponents differed from him in matters of public policy. They did not, they could not, distrust his sincerity or his spirit of justice and patriotism. William McKinley is now dead, stricken down by the